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- A particle of *salt* may be compared to a chaos, being dense, hard, dry, and earthy in the centre, and rare, soft, and moist in the circumference. *Newton's Opt.*
- Salts* are bodies friable and brittle, in some degree pellucid, sharp or pungent to the taste, and dissoluble in water; but after that is evaporated, incorporating, crystalizing, and forming themselves into angular figures. *Woodward.*
2. Taste; smack
- Though we are justices and doctors, and churchmen, Mr. Pages, we have some *salt* of our youth in us; we are the sons of women. *Shakespeare, Merry Wives of Windsor.*
3. Wit; merriment.
- SALT*, *adj.*
1. Having the taste of salt: as *salt fish*.
- We were better parch in Africk sun,
Than in the pride and *salt* scorn of his eyes. *Shakespeare.*
- Thou old and true Menenius,
Thy tears are *salt*er than a younger man's,
And venomous to thine eyes. *Shakespeare, Coriolanus.*
- It hath been observed by the ancients, that *salt* water will dissolve salt put into it in less time than fresh water. *Bacon.*
2. Impregnated with salt.
- Hang him, mechanical *salt* butter rogue: I will awe him with my cudgel. *Shakespeare, Merry Wives of Windsor.*
- A leap into *salt* waters very often gives a new motion to the spirits, and a new turn to the blood. *Addison.*
3. Abounding with salt.
- He shall inhabit the parched places in the wilderness in a *salt* land, and not inhabited. *Jer. xvii. 6.*
- In Cheshire they improve their lands by letting out the water of the *salt* springs on them, always after rain. *Mortimer.*
4. [*Salax*, Lat.] Lecherous; falacious.
- Be a whore still:
Make use of thy *salt* hours, season the slaves
For tubs and baths; bring down the rose-cheek'd youth
To the tub-salt, and the diet. *Shakespeare, Timon.*
- All the charms of love,
Salt Cleopatra, soften thy wan lip! *Shakespeare, Ant. and Cleop.*
- This new married man, approaching here,
Whose *salt* imagination yet hath wrong'd
Your well defended honour, you must pardon. *Shakespeare.*
- TO *SALT*, *v. a.* [from the noun.] To season with salt.
- If the offering was of fish, it was *salted* thrice. *Brown.*
- SALT-PAN*, *n. f.* [*salt* and *pan*, or *pit*.] Pit where salt is
- SALT-PIT*, *n. f.* got.
- Moab and Ammon shall be as the breeding of nettles, *salt-pits*, and a perpetual desolation. *Zepl. ii. 9.*
- Cicero prettily calls them *salinas salt-pans*, that you may extract salt out of, and sprinkle where you please. *Bacon.*
- The stratum lay at about twenty-five fathom, by the duke of Somerset's *salt-pans* near Whitehaven. *Woodward on Fossils.*
- SALTANT*, *adj.* [*saltans*, Latin.] Jumping; dancing.
- SALTATION*, *n. f.* [*saltatio*, Latin.]
1. The act of dancing or jumping.
- The locusts being ordained for *saltation*, their hinder legs do far exceed the others. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*
2. Beat; palpitation.
- If the great artery be hurt, you will discover it by its *saltation* and florid colour. *Wise's Surgery.*
- SALT-CAT*, *n. f.*
- Many give a lump of salt, which they usually call a *salt-cat*, made at the saltworks, which makes the pigeons much affect the place. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*
- SALTCELLAR*, *n. f.* [*salt* and *cellar*.] Vessel of salt set on the table.
- When any salt is spilt on the table-cloth, shake it out into the *saltcellar*. *Swift's Directions to the Butler.*
- SALTER*, *n. f.* [from *salt*.]
1. One who salts.
2. One who sells salt.
- After these local names, the most have been derived from occupations; as smith, *salter*, armorer. *Caunden's Remains.*
- SALT-FERN*, *n. f.* A saltwort.
- A lump of salt, which they usually call a *saltcat*, made for that purpose at the *saltworks*, makes the pigeons much affect the place. *Mortimer's Husbandry.*
- SALTINBANCO*, *n. f.* [*saltare in banco*, to climb on a bench, as a mountebank mounts a bank.] A quack or mountebank.
- Saltinbancoes*, quack-salters, and charlatans deceive them: were they alive, the Piazza and Pont-neuf could not speak their fallacies. *Brown's Vulgar Errors.*
- He play'd the *saltinbanco* part,
Transform'd t' a Frenchman by my art. *Hudibras.*
- SALTIER*, *n. f.* [*sau tiers*, French.]
- A *saltier* is made in the form of a St. Andrew's cross, and by some is taken to be an engine to take wild beasts withal: in French it is called *un sautier*: it is an honourable bearing. *Peachment on Blazoning.*
- SALTISH*, *adj.* [from *salt*.] Somewhat salt.
- Soils of a *saltish* nature improve sandy grounds. *Mortimer.*
- SALTLESS*, *adj.* [from *salt*.] Insipid; not tasting of salt.
- SALTLY*, *adv.* [from *salt*.] With taste of salt; in a salt manner.

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- SALTNESS*, *n. f.* [from *salt*.] Taste of salt.
- Salt water passing through earth, through ten vessels, one within another, hath not lost its *saltiness*, so as to become potable; but drained through twenty, become fresh. *Bacon.*
- Some think their wits have been asleep, except they dart out somewhat that is piquant and to the quick: men ought to find the difference between *saltiness* and bitterness. *Bacon.*
- SALTPETRE*, *n. f.* [*sal petrae*, Latin; *sal petre*, Fr.] Nitre.
- Nitre, or *salpetre*, having a crude and windy spirit, by the heat of the fire suddenly dilateth. *Bacon.*
- Nitre or *salpetre*, in heaps of earth, has been extracted, if they be exposed to the air, so as to be kept from rain. *Lake.*
- SALVABILITY*, *n. f.* [from *salvable*.] Possibility of being received to everlasting life.
- Why do we Christians so fiercely argue against the *salvability* of each other, as if it were our wish that all should be damned, but those of our particular sect. *Decay of Piety.*
- SALVABLE*, *adj.* [from *salvus*, Latin.] Possible to be saved.
- Our wild fancies about God's decrees, have in event reproached more than those decrees, and have bid fair to the damning of many whom those left *salvable*. *Decay of Piety.*
- SALVAGE*, *adj.* [*salvage*, French; *selvaggio*, Italian, from *salva*, Latin.] Wild; rude; cruel. It is now spoken and written *salvage*.
- May the Eflexian plains
Prove as a desert, and none there make stay
But *salvage* beasts, or men as wild as they. *Waller.*
- A *salvage* race inur'd to blood. *Dryden.*
- SALVATION*, *n. f.* [from *salvus*, Latin.] Preservation from eternal death; reception to the happiness of heaven.
- As life and death, mercy and wrath, are matters of never understanding or knowledge, all mens *salvation*, and all mens endless perdition, are things so opposite, that whosoever doth affirm the one must necessarily deny the other. *Haker.*
- Him the most High,
Wrap'd in a balmy cloud with winged steeds,
Did, as thou saw'st, receive; to walk with God
High in *salvation*, and the climes of bliss,
Exempt from death. *Milton's Parad. Lost, l. xi.*
- SALVATORY*, *n. f.* [*salvatore*, French.] A place where any thing is preserved.
- I consider the admirable powers of sensation, phantasy, and memory, in what *salvatories* or repositories the species of things past are conserved. *Hale's Origin of Mankind.*
- SALUBRIOUS*, *adj.* [*salubris*, Latin.] Wholesome; healthful; promoting health.
- The warm limbeck draws
Salubrious waters from the noont broad. *Philips.*
- Must we then resign our worthy pastor to the *salubrious* air of Kiltarn, rather than he should longer breathe in the grosser vapours of Inverness? *Macbean's Remonstrance.*
- SALUBRITY*, *n. f.* [from *salubrious*.] Wholesomeness; healthfulness.
- SALVE*, *n. f.* [This word is originally and properly *salv*, which having *salves* in the plural, the singular in time was borrowed from it: *salve*, Saxon, undoubtedly from *salvus*, Latin.] A glutinous matter applied to wounds and hurts; an emplaister.
- Let us hence, my foreign, to provide
A *salve* for any fore that may betide. *Shak. Henry VI.*
- Go study *salve* and treacle; ply
Your tenant's leg, or his fore eye. *Cleaveland.*
- Sleep is pain's castest *salve*, and doth fulfil
All offices of death, except to kill. *Dante.*
- The royal sword thus drawn, has cur'd a wound,
For which no other *salve* could have been found. *Waller.*
- Though most were sorely wounded, none were slain;
The surgeons soon despoil'd them of their arms,
And some with *salves* they cure. *Dryden.*
2. Help; remedy.
- If they shall excommunicate me, hath the doctrine of necknecks any *salve* for me then? *Haunmond.*
- TO *SALVE*, *v. a.* [*salvo*, Latin; or from the noun.]
1. To cure with medicaments applied.
- Many skillful leeches him abide,
To *salve* his hurts. *Fairy Queen.*
- It should be to little purpose for them to *salve* the wound, by making protestations in digrace of their own actions. *Hast.*
- The which if I perform, and do survive,
I do beseech your majesty may *salve*
The long grown wounds of my intemperance. *Sh. H. IV.*
2. To help; to remedy.
- Some seek to *salve* their blotted name
With others blot, till all do taste of shame. *Sidney.*
- Our mother-tongue, which truly of itself is both full enough for prose, and stately enough for verse, hath long time been counted most bare and barren of both; which default, when as some endeavoured to *salve* and cure, they patched up the holes with rags from other languages. *Speiser.*
3. To help or save by a *salve*, an excuse, or reservation.
- Ignorant I am not how this is *salved*: they do it but after the truth is made manifest. *My*

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- My more particular.
- And that which most with you should *salve* my goings,
Is Fulvia's death. *Shakespeare, Ant. and Cleopatra.*
- The schoolmen were like the astronomers, who, to *salve* phenomena, framed to their conceit eccentricks and epicycles; so they, to *salve* the practice of the church, had devised a great number of strange positions. *Bacon.*
- There must be another state to make up the inequalities of this, and *salve* all irregular appearances. *Altebury.*
- This conduct might give Horace the hint to say, that when Homer was at a loss to bring any difficult matter to an issue, he laid his hero asleep, and this *salved* all difficulty. *Brown.*
4. [From *salve*, Latin.] To salute. Obsolete.
- That stranger knight in presence came,
And goodly *salved* them; who nought again
Him answered as courteously became. *Fairy Queen.*
- SALVER*, *n. f.* [A vessel, I suppose, used at first to carry away or save what was left.] A plate on which any thing is presented.
- He has printed them in such a portable volume, that many of them may be taken together on a single plate; and is of opinion, that a *salver* of spectators would be as acceptable an entertainment for the ladies, as a *salver* of sweetmeats. *Addison.*
- Between each act the trembling *salvers* ring,
From soup to sweet wine. *Pope.*
- SALVO*, *n. f.* [from *salvo jure*, Latin, a form used in granting any thing: as *salvo jure puto*.] An exception; a reservation; an excuse.
- They admit many *salves*, cautions, and reservations, so as they cross not the chief design. *King Charles.*
- It will be hard if he cannot bring himself off at last with some *salvo* or distinction, and be his own confessor. *L'Estr.*
- If others of a more serious turn join with us deliberately in their religious professions of loyalty, with any private *salves* or evasions, they would do well to consider those maxims in which all casuists are agreed. *A. Disson.*
- SALUTARINESS*, *n. f.* [from *salutary*.] Wholesomeness; quality of contributing to health or safety.
- SALUTARY*, *adj.* [*salutaire*, Fr. *salutarius*, Latin.] Wholesome; healthful; safe; advantageous; contributing to health or safety.
- The gardens, yards, and avenues are dry and clean; and so more *salutary* as more elegant. *Roy.*
- It was want of faith in our Saviour's countrymen, which hindered him from shedding among them the *salutary* emanations of his divine virtue; and he did not many mighty works there, because of their unbelief. *Bentley.*
- SALUTATION*, *n. f.* [*salutation*, Fr. *salutatio*, Latin.] The act or title of saluting; greeting.
- The early village cock
Hath twice done *salutation* to the morn. *Shakespeare, R. III.*
- Thy kingdom's peers
Speak my *salutation* in their minds;
Whose voices I desire aloud with mine,
Hail, king of Scotland! *Shakespeare, Macbeth.*
- On her the angel hail
Besow'd; the holy *salutation* used
To Mary. *Milton.*
- In all public meetings, or private addresses, use those forms of *salutation*, reverence and decency, usual amongst the most sober persons. *Taylor's Rule of living holy.*
- Court and state he wisely shuns;
Nor brib'd, to servile *salutations* runs. *Dryden's Hecate.*
- TO *SALUTE*, *v. a.* [*saluto*, Latin; *saluer*, French.]
1. To greet; to hail.
- The golden sun *salutes* the morn,
And, having gilt the ocean with his beams,
Gallops the zodiac in his glistering coach. *Shakespeare, Tit. And.*
- One hour hence
Shall *salute* your grace of York as mother. *Shak. R. III.*
2. To please; to gratify.
- Would I had no being,
If this *salute* my blood a jot: it faints me,
To think what follows. *Shakespeare, Henry VIII.*
3. To kiss.
- SALUTE*, *n. f.* [from the verb.]
1. Salutation; greeting.
- The custom of praying for those that sneeze is more ancient than these opinions hereof: so that not any one discourse has been the occasion of this *salute* and deprecation. *Brown.*
- O, what avails me now that honour high
To have concern'd of God, or that *salute*,
Hail highly favour'd, among women blest!
Continual *salutes* and addresses entertaining him all the way, kept him from having so great a life, but with one glance of his eye upon the paper, 'till he came to the fatal place where he was slain. *Saul's Sermons.*
- I shall not trouble my reader with the first *salutes* of our three friends. *Addison.*
2. A kiss.
- I here coil *salutes*, but here a lover's kiss.
SALUTER, *n. f.* [from *salute*.] He who salutes.

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- SALUTIFEROUS*, *adj.* [*salutifer*, Latin.] Healthy; bringing health.
- The king commanded him to go to the south of France, believing that nothing would contribute more to the restoring of his former vigour than the gentle *salutiferous* air of Montpellier. *Dennis's Letters.*
- SAMM*, *adj.* [*samm*, Gothic; *samm*, Swedish.]
1. Not different; not another; identical; being of the like kind, sort, or degree.
- Miso, as spitefully as her rotten voice could utter it, set forth the *sam* sins of Amphialus. *Sidney.*
- The tenor of man's woe
Holds on the *sam*. *Milton.*
- Th' etherial vigour is in all the *sam*,
And ev'ry soul is fill'd with equal flame. *Dryden's Æn.*
- If itself had been coloured, it would have transmitted all visible objects tinged with the *sam* colour; as we see whatever is beheld through a coloured glass, appears of the *sam* colour with the glass. *Rae, on the Creation.*
- The merchant does not keep money by him; but if you consider what money must be lodged in the bankers hands, the case will be much the *sam*. *Lake.*
- The *sam* plant produceth as great a variety of juices as there is in the *sam* animal. *Arbutnot on Aliments.*
2. That which was mentioned before.
- Do but think how well the *sam* he spends,
Who spends his blood his country to relieve. *David.*
- SAMENESS*, *n. f.* [from *sam*.] Identity; the state of being not another; not different.
- Difference of persuasion in matters of religion may easily fall out, where there is the *sameness* of duty, allegiance, and subjection. *King Charles.*
- If all courts have a *sameness* in them, things may be as they were in my time, when all employments went to parliament-men's hands. *Swift.*
- SAMLET*, *n. f.* [*salmonet*, or *salmonet*.] A little falcon.
- Sir Francis Bacon observes the age of a falcon exceeds not ten years, so his growth is very sudden: after he is got into the sea he becomes from a *salmet*, not so big as a gullion, to be a falcon, in as short a time as a gollion becomes a goose. *Waller's Angler.*
- SAMPHIRE*, *n. f.* [*saint Pierre*, French; *sithmon*, Latin.] A plant preserved in pickle.
- The leaves are thick, succulent, narrow, branchy, and trifid: the flowers grow in an umbel, each consisting of five leaves, which expand in form of a rose: the empalment of the flower becomes a fruit, consisting of two plain and gently streaked leaves. This plant grows in great plenty upon the rocks near the sea-shore, where it is washed by the salt water. It is greatly esteemed for pickling, and is sometimes used in medicine. *Miller.*
- Half way down
Hangs one that gathers *samphire*: dreadful trade!
Methinks he seems no bigger than his head. *Shakespeare.*
- SAMPLE*, *n. f.* [from *exemplar*.] A specimen; a part of the whole shown that judgment may be made of the whole.
- He intreated them to tarry but two days, and he himself would bring them a *sample* of the oar. *Raleigh.*
- I have not engaged myself to any: I am not loaded with a full cargo: 'tis sufficient if I bring a *sample* of some goods in this voyage. *Dryden.*
- I design this but for a *sample* of what I hope more fully to discuss. *Woodward's Natural History.*
- Determinations of justice were very summary and decisive, and generally put an end to the vexations of a law-suit by the ruin both of plaintiff and defendant: travellers have recorded some *samples* of this kind. *Addison.*
- From most bodies
Some little bits are leave to flow;
And, as through these canals they roll,
Bring up a *sample* of the whole. *Prior.*
- TO *SAMPLE*, *v. a.* To show something similar. *Ainsworth.*
- SAMPLER*, *n. f.* [*exemplar*, Latin; whence it is sometimes written *sampar*.] A pattern of work; a piece worked by young girls for improvement.
- O love, why do'st thou in thy beautiful *sampler* set such a work for my desire to set out, which is impossible. *Sidney.*
- Fair Philomela, she but lost her tongue,
And in a tedious *sampler* sew'd her mind. *Shak. Tit. And.*
- We created with our needles both one flower,
Both on one *sampler*, sitting on one cushion;
Both warbling of one song, both in one key,
As if our hands, our sides, voices and minds
Had been incorporate. *Shakespeare.*
- Coarse complexions,
And cheeks of sorry grain, will serve to ply
The *sampler*, and to teize the housewife's wool. *Milton.*
- I saw her sober over a *sampler*, or gay over a jointed baby. *Pope.*
- SANABLE*, *adj.* [*sanabilis*, Latin.] Curable; susceptible of remedy; remediable.
- SANATION*, *n. f.* [*sanatio*, Latin.] The act of curing.
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